2012年度 一般 3 月入学試験

英 語

〔注 意 事 項〕

- 1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
- 2. 問題冊子は13ページ、解答用紙はマーク・シート1枚です。監督者の指示に従って確認しなさい。
- 3. 問題冊子の印刷不鮮明,ページの落丁・乱丁及び解答用紙の汚れ等に気付いた場合は、手を挙げて監督者に知らせなさい。
- 4. マークは, マーク・シートに記載してある「記入上の注意」をよく読んだうえで, 正しくマークしなさい。
- 5. 受験番号及び氏名は、マーク・シートの所定欄に正確に記入し、また受験番号欄 の番号を正しくマークしなさい。
- 6. 監督者の指示があってから、マーク・シートの左上部にある「科目欄」に受験する科目名を記入しなさい。
- 7. 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰りなさい。

英 語

(60分 100点)

解答番号(1)~(39)

第1問 次の問い (問1 ~10) の日本文の意味を表す英文を完成 欄 10 に入れるのに最も適切なものを, そ	
の中から一つ選びマークしなさい。(配点 20)	
問1 この計画について、君に電話かEメールをするよ。	
I will 1 call or email you about this plan.	
① both ② either ③ neither ④	whether
問2 その医者の話を聞いて、彼はタバコを止める気になった。	
The doctor's story 2 him to give up smoking.	
① encouraged ② made ③ stopped ④	supposed
問3 いつならお会いできるか教えていただけませんか。	
Could you tell me when you are 3?	
① available ② convenient ③ proper ④	satisfactory
問4 ベッキーはパーティにサムを招待するのだと言い張った。	
Becky 4 on inviting Sam to the party.	
1 attempted 2 insisted 3 mentioned 4	noticed

	oday, I have t	to stay here 5		ght o'clock. in	4	until
問 6	自分の失敗を何	也人のせいにしては	いけな	ζ ^γ °		
	ou should not		for you	ır own mistak praise	ces.	threaten
問7	君の兄弟には,	ジム以外全員に会	ったこ	とがある。		
I	have met all beside	of your brothers 2 except		Jim.	4	unlike
問8	彼女がこのアク	イデアを思いついた	人です	0		
S	he is the pers	son who came up	8	the idea.		
1	at	② for	3	to	4	with
問 9	この本は全3を	巻です。				
Т	his book come	es in three 9				
1	chapters	2 paragraphs	3	titles	4	volumes
問10	学生のほとんる	どは寮で暮らしてい	る。			
	10 of the	students live in	the do	ormitory.		
1	all	② almost	3	every	4	most

問5 私は今日、8時までここにいなくてはならない。

第2問 次の	会話文の文意にそって 11 ~ 15 に入れるのに最も適切なも
のを,	それぞれ下の①~④の中から一つ選びマークしなさい。(配点 15)
Yuriko:	You look really happy, Naomi. You must have really enjoyed
	your trip to Hawaii.
Naomi:	Actually, 11, but it was great in the end.
Yuriko:	Really? What happened?
Naomi:	Well, the afternoon we arrived I went to the beach.
Yuriko:	12 ?
Naomi:	Yes, and that's what started the problem. You see, I fell asleep,
	and I didn't wake up for several hours.
Yuriko:	Oh no! You must have gotten a really bad burn.
Naomi:	I did, on half my body. I was lying on my back, so the front of
	my body was bright red, but the back was still white. I looked
	ridiculous! It really hurt too!
Yuriko:	How awful! But 13
Naomi:	\boldsymbol{I} am. The tour guide arranged for a man from their local office
	to take me to a local hospital and they gave me some lotion. I
	felt fine by the end of the week.
Yuriko:	But you said the holiday turned out great?
Naomi:	Yeah, it did. You see, 14.
Yuriko:	Because they had to treat the people who were badly injured
	first?
Naomi:	Right. So anyway, while I was waiting, I started talking with
	the man from the tour company, and I found out he knew my
	older brother in university. 15 .
Yuriko:	What a coincidence!
Naomi:	Yeah. And I liked him, and he liked me, and he was just about

to come back to Japan... So, anyway, we've decided to start dating!

- 11 ① I couldn't go
 - 2 I'm leaving tomorrow
 - 3 it started out pretty bad
 - 4 it was really great
- 12 ① Did you sunbathe
 - 2 Do you enjoy swimming
 - 3 How did you feel
 - 4 Where was it
- 13 ① are you coming?
 - 2 did it hurt?
 - ③ I am happy.
 - 4 you look okay now.
- 14 ① I don't like hospitals
 - 2 I had a really bad sunburn
 - ③ I had to wait a long time at the hospital
 - 4 they couldn't help me at the hospital
- 15 ① He and I used to date
 - 2 I introduced them last night
 - 3 She and I had a lot of fun
 - 4 They were in the same club

第3問	次の問い (問1~5)	にお	らいて,それぞれ下の(①~⑤の語句を並べ替えて空
戸	所を補い,日本文の意	味を	表す英文を完成させた	なさい。解答は 16 ~
	25 に入れるもの	の番	号をマークしなさい。	(配点 15)
問 1	ワールドカップは 4 5	手ごと	こに開かれるんだよね。	
Т	he World Cup		16	
isn'	't it?			
1	every	2	four	3 held
4	is	(5)	years	
問 2	あなたのあのレポート	トはと	こても満足できるような	なものではない。
Т	hat report		18	19
sati	isfactory.			
1	far	2	from	③ is
4	of	(5)	yours	
問 3	ボブが家にいるかどう	うかれ	oかりません。	
I	don't know		20	21 or not
1	at	2	Bob	3 home
4	is	(5)	whether	
問 4	その公園へ行くにはこ	この追	≦でいいのですね。	
A	are you quite sure		22	
the	park?			
1	is	2	right	3 the
4	this	(5)	way to	

問5 手荷物を忘れないように注意しなさい。

Be	24	25			behind.
① careful	2	leave	3	not	
(4) to	(5)	vour baggage			

Michael Greenberg is a very popular New Yorker. He is not in the government, and he is not famous in sports or the arts. But people in the streets know about him, especially poor people.

For these poor people, he is not Michael or even Mr. Greenberg. For them his name is "Gloves" Greenberg. "Here comes Gloves," they say when they see him walking down the street. How did he get that name? He 26 any other businessman. He wears a suit and he carries a briefcase. But he's different. His briefcase doesn't just have papers and books. It also has several pairs of gloves.

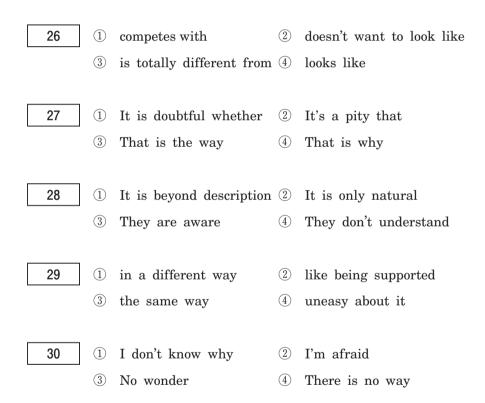
On cold winter days, Mr. Greenberg does not act like other New Yorkers. He does not look at the sidewalk and hurry down the street. He looks around at people. He is looking for poor people with cold hands. 27 he carries gloves in his briefcase. He stops when he sees someone with no gloves. If they look poor he gives them a pair of gloves. "Merry Christmas!" he says. He shakes their hand. Then he moves on, looking for more people with cold hands.

Every day during the winter Mr. Greenberg gives away gloves. During the rest of the year, he buys gloves. People who know about him send him gloves. He has a mountain of gloves in his apartment. There are gloves of all colors and sizes: children's gloves, work gloves and evening gloves for ladies.

Mr. Greenberg began giving away gloves 21 years ago. Now, many of the poor people in New York know him. They know why he gives away gloves. But some people don't know him. They are sometimes surprised by him. They think he wants money for the gloves. 28 that he just wants to

make them happy.

The Greenberg family was poor. But Michael's father always gave things away. He believed it made everyone happier. Michael Greenberg feels 29. He wants to do something for the poor people in New York. He feels that winter is a hard time for them. Many of these poor people have no warm place to go and no warm clothing. A pair of gloves may be a small thing. But he feels it can make a big difference in the winter. 30 he is popular among the street people of New York.



- 第5問 次の文章を読み、下の問い(問 $1\sim 9$)に答えなさい。なお、設問の都合上、本文を $[A]\sim [I]$ の部分に分けてある。(配点 30)
- [A] Lights, camera, action! This famous line is spoken before every big celebrity, or star, gives a performance. There is one star that gives a brilliant performance twenty-four hours a day. Sometimes it can be seen on the horizon near you. This star is none other than the sun.
- [B] A star is a sphere of extremely hot gases. The sun is a star made mostly of two gases, hydrogen and helium. The sun's energy reaches Earth in the form of heat and light. Energy from the sun is solar energy. It is intense energy; we can feel its heat 150 million kilometers away.
- [C] Scientists have been able to identify many features of the sun. The photosphere is the sun's surface. It gives off the light we see. This sea of boiling gases is about six thousand degrees Celsius. The chromosphere is the layer of gases above the photosphere. This layer of gases is hotter than the photosphere.
- [D] The corona is the sun's outermost layer. This layer is made of superhot gases. The sun's corona is visible only during a total eclipse, when the moon casts its shadow on Earth.
- [E] When people draw pictures of the sun, they often draw (35) coming from its surface. The sun doesn't have rays. It does, however, have loops of hot gases called 'prominences' on its surface.
- [F] Sunspots are relatively cooler, dark areas that appear on the sun's surface. Some sunspots are larger than Earth. Sunspots can quickly increase in size and can last for a day or for several months. Then they disappear.
- [G] There are billions of stars in the universe that are bigger and hotter than the sun. Why is this medium-sized star so important? Light and heat from the sun are Earth's main source of energy. Most living things on

Earth depend on the sun for food, heat, and light. There would be no life on Earth without the sun.

[H] We would not see moonlight without the sun. The moon, like Earth, has no light of its own. What we call moonlight is really sunlight reflected off the moon.

[I] Scientists believe the sun has a lifetime of about ten billion years. Since the sun was formed about five billion years ago, it will probably continue to burn for another five billion years, warming the atmosphere, the land, and the oceans on Earth.

hydrogen 水素 helium ヘリウム

問1 下線部 one star の語句の内容として最も適切なものを、次の①~④の中から一つ選びマークしなさい。 31 31

- ① a big celebrity
- 2 the moon
- ③ the sun
- 4 the universe

問2 [B]の内容に一致するものを,次の①~④の中から一つ選びマークしなさい。 **32**

- ① 太陽は大まかに言ってガスからできている
- ② 太陽は主に固い岩石からできている
- ③ 太陽は熱と光からできている
- ④ 太陽は 150 万光年離れたところにある

問 3	[C]の内容に一致するものを,次の①~④の中から一つ選びマークしなさい。 33
1	chromosphere は photosphere より明るい光を放っている
2	photosphere は太陽の中心部分にある
(3)	われわれの見る光は photosphere から出ている
4	最も熱いガスの層は photosphere である

- 問4 下線部 The sun's corona is visible only during a total eclipse, when the moon casts its shadow on Earth の意味内容として最も適切なものを, 次の①~④の中から一つ選びマークしなさい。 34
 - ① コロナは皆既月食の時を除いて見ることができる
 - ② コロナは皆既日食の時にだけ見ることができる
 - ③ コロナは地球が月の上にその影を落とした時に見ることができる
 - ④ コロナは月が太陽の影にかくれた時に見ることができる
- **問5** 空欄®ぶに入る語として最も適切なものを、次の①~④の中から一つ選びマークしなさい。 **35**
 - 1 layers
 - 2 people
 - 3 pictures
 - 4 rays

- **問6** [F] の内容として最も適切なものを、次の①~④の中から一つ選びマーク しなさい。 **36**
 - ① 太陽の黒点は一か月以内に消えてしまう
 - ② 太陽の黒点は大きさが変化する
 - ③ 太陽の黒点はすべて地球よりも大きい
 - ④ 太陽の黒点は太陽の深層部に現れる
- **問7** [G] の内容に<u>一致しないもの</u>を,次の①~④の中から一つ選びマークしな さい。 **37**
 - ① 宇宙には太陽よりも大きい星はそうそうない
 - ② 太陽の光と熱は地球にとってエネルギー源である
 - ③ 地球のほとんどの生き物は食べ物、熱、光を太陽に頼っている
 - ④ もし太陽がなければ地球上に生物は存在しないだろう
- 問8 下線部 What we call moonlight is really sunlight reflected off the moon の意味内容として最も適切なものを、次の①~④の中から一つ選びマークしなさい。 38
 - ① 月光は太陽の光が月の上に反射したものである
 - ② 月光は太陽の光が月の表面に蓄えられたものである
 - ③ 月光は日光とは全く関係のないものである
 - ④ 月光は日光の夜の姿である

- 問9 [I] において科学者たちが主張する内容として最も適切なものを、次の
 - ①~④の中から1つ選びマークしなさい。 39
 - ① 太陽によって地球の温度はますます上がってゆく
 - ② 太陽の寿命はおよそ 10 億年である
 - ③ 太陽はあと5億年くらい燃え続けるであろう
 - ④ 太陽は寿命の約半分を終えたところである